

# BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii

## **Manual**

For use with the

- ABI PRISM<sup>®</sup> 7500 (Fast)
- Mx3005P<sup>®</sup>
- LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480





For veterinary use only

**REF** DVEB05811, DVEB05813

 $\sum$ 

100

REF DVE

**DVEB05851, DVEB05853** 



**50** 



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## **Explanation of symbols**



Batch code



Catalogue number



Contains sufficient for <n> tests



Use by



Manufactured by



Store at



### 1. Product description

BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii is a real-time PCR kit for detection of Coxiella burnetii DNA. This test was developed for the ABI PRISM® 7500 (Fast) instrument (Thermo Fisher Scientific), LightCycler® 480 (Roche) and for Mx3005P® (Agilent), but is also suitable for other real-time PCR instruments. This test allows the rapid and sensitive detection of DNA of Coxiella burnetii from samples purified from tissues and swabs (e.g. with the QIAamp DNA Mini Kit).

BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii detects the IS1111 insertion sequence of Coxiella burnetii (target present at least 20 times in the genome of Coxiella burnetii). A probe-specific amplification-curve at 530 nm (FAM channel) indicates the amplification of Coxiella burnetii specific DNA.

An internal positive control system (IPC) for detection in VIC/HEX channel, (554 nm, order no. DVEB05811 or DVEB05851) or Cy5 channel (667 nm; order no. DVEB05813 or DVEB05853) excludes false-negative interpretation of results due to inhibition of real-time PCR (see 8. Interpretation of PCR-data).

When using PCR-platforms not validated by ingenetix, an evaluation of the multiplex-PCR is recommended. Please be aware that some PCR-platforms have to be calibrated with the corresponding dye before performing multiplex-PCR.

BactoReal®, MycoReal, ParoReal and ViroReal® Kits are optimized to run under the same thermal cycling conditions. RNA and DNA material can be analysed in one run.

### 2. Pathogen information

Coxiella burnetii (C. burnetii) is a Gram-negative, obligate intracellular, zoonotic bacterial pathogen, which is the causative agent of Q fever (Coxiellosis). The disease is spread through inhalation of a spore-like cell variant or close contact with body fluids or products from contaminated animals. Cattle, sheep and goats represent the main animal reservoir. Seropositivity of ruminants for *C. burnetti* is associated with abortion, stillbirth and fertility problems. The high resistance to standard disinfectants and environmental influences renders disease control difficult. Antibiotic treatment and vaccination against Q fever is available.

#### References:

Agerholm JS. 2013. *Coxiella burnetii* associated reproductive disorders in domestic animals - a critical review. Acta Vet Scand. 55:13

## 3. Principle of real-time PCR

A specific DNA sequence of the pathogen genome is amplified and the generated PCR-product is detected by an oligonucleotide-probe labelled with a fluorescent dye. This technology allows for a sequence-specific detection of PCR amplificates.

#### 4. General Precautions

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Always include a negative control per PCR-run (water instead of sample).
- Optional: for valid interpretation of results, a negative control should be included during DNA-extraction (for example extraction of water instead of sample material), in order to exclude false-positive results due to contamination with *Coxiella burnetii* DNA during extraction.
- Be careful when handling the positive control.
- Store and extract positive material (specimens, controls and amplicons) separately from all other reagents and add it to the reaction mix in a spatially separated workspace.
- Periodically decontaminate benches and devices.
- Use sterile pipette tips with filters.
- Thaw all components thoroughly at room temperature before starting an assay. When thawed, mix the components and centrifuge briefly.
- For MSDS, see www.ingenetix.com.



### 5. Contents of the Kit

### 5.1. BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii order no. DVEB05811 or DVEB05851

Labelling	Content	Amount		Storage
		DVEB05811	DVEB05851	
Coxiella burnetii Assay Mix (green cap)	Primer and probe (FAM) for detection of <i>C.burnetii</i>	2 x 50 µl	1 x 50 µl	-20°C
CR-1 Assay Mix (yellow cap)	Primer, probe (VIC/HEX) and target for detection of IPC	2 x 50 µl	1 x 50 μl	-20°C
Coxiella burnetii Positive Control (red cap)	Control-DNA (approx. 10,000 target copies/µl)	1 x 25 µl	1 x 25 µl	-20°C
DNA Reaction Mix (white cap)#	Reaction Mix	2 x 500 µl	1 x 500 µl	-20°C until first use, then at +4°C
Water (blue cap)	Water	1 x 1000 µl	1 x 1000 µl	-20°C to +4°C

<sup>\*</sup>DNA Reaction Mix contains uracil-N glycosylase (UNG)

### 5.2. BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii order no. DVEB05813 or DVEB05853

Labelling	Content	Amount		Storage
		DVEB05813	DVEB05853	
Coxiella burnetii Assay Mix (green cap)	Primer and probe (FAM) for detection of <i>C. burnetii</i>	2 x 50 µl	1 x 50 µl	-20°C
CR-3 Assay Mix (yellow cap)	Primer, probe (Cy5) and target for detection of IPC	2 x 50 µl	1 x 50 µl	-20°C
Coxiella burnetii Positive Control (red cap)	Control-DNA (approx. 10,000 target copies/µl)	1 x 25 µl	1 x 25 µl	-20°C
DNA Reaction Mix (white cap)#	Reaction Mix	2 x 500 µl	1 x 500 µl	-20°C until first use, then at +4°C
Water (blue cap)	Water	1 x 1000 µl	1 x 1000 µl	-20°C to +4°C

<sup>\*</sup>DNA Reaction Mix contains uracil-N glycosylase (UNG)

The components of BactoReal<sup>®</sup> Kit *Coxiella burnetii* are stable until the expiry date stated on the label. Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided. Please protect kit components from light.

## 6. Additionally required materials and devices

- Reagents and devices for DNA-extraction
- PCR-grade water
- Disposable powder-free gloves
- Pipettes (adjustable)
- Sterile pipette tips with filters
- Vortex mixer
- Desktop centrifuge with rotor for 2 ml reaction tubes
- Real-time PCR instrument which is able to detect and differentiate fluorescence in FAM and VIC/HEX or Cy5 channel
- Appropriate 96 well reaction plates or reaction tubes with corresponding (optical) closing material



### 7. Preparation of real-time PCR

Please make sure that at least one negative control (water, blue cap), as well as one positive control (red cap) and one extraction negative control (optional, recommended) are included per PCR run. Ingenetix highly recommends performing PCR analyses in duplicates, which increases the probability of detection of the pathogen and facilitates interpretation of results.

7.1. Pipetting scheme

		Per sample
Preparation of Master Mix	Water*	3.0 µl
(mix well)	DNA Reaction Mix (2x)	10.0 µl
	Coxiella burnetii Assay Mix	1.0 µl
	CR Assay Mix	1.0 µl
	<b>Total volume Master Mix</b>	15.0 µl
	Master mix	15.0 µl
Preparation of PCR assay	Sample*	5.0 µl
	Total volume	20.0 µl

<sup>\*1-8</sup> µl of the sample can be used. When using a volume other than 5 µl, the volume of H<sub>2</sub>O has to be changed accordingly.

Positive Control: As positive control use 1 μl of the Coxiella burnetii Positive Control + 4 μl H<sub>2</sub>O. Optional: a 1:10 dilution of the positive control can be used and defined as second standard value (approx. 1000 target copies/µl).

### 7.2. Programming of the temperature profile

Please find further information on programming the real-time PCR instrument in the respective operator's manual. Please be aware that some PCR-platforms have to be calibrated with the corresponding dye before performing multiplex-PCR.

Select dyes: FAM-TAMRA for detection of Coxiella burnetii

Cy5-NONE (CR-3 Assay Mix) or VIC-TAMRA (CR-1 Assay Mix) for detection of IPC

Select reference dye (passive reference): ROX

Sample Volume: 20 µl **Temperature Profile:** 

Program 1	Program 2	Program 3
Cycles: 1 Analysis: None	Cycles: 1 Analysis: None	Cycles: 45 Analysis: Quantification Acquisition at 60°
	95°C	95°C
	20 sec	5 sec
50°C		1 min
2 min*		

For ABI PRISM® 7500:

Ramp speed: Without "fast cycling" parameter

For LightCycler® 480 instrument:

Detection format: 2 Color Hydrolysis Probe

(dyes see above)

<sup>\*</sup>Note: If viral RNA should be also detected in the same PCR run, program 1 has to be prolonged to 15 min at 50°C. This temperature profile can be used for all BactoReal<sup>®</sup>, MycoReal, ParoReal and ViroReal<sup>®</sup> kits for the detection of DNA or RNA.



### 8. Interpretation of PCR-data

Examples for interpretation of positive reactions are shown in the amplification plots below.

For a valid interpretation, the following criteria must be fulfilled:

-	Ct/Cp (FAM channel) Coxiella burnetii target	Ct/Cp IPC target	Interpretation
Negative control	Negative	$36.0 \pm 2$	Valid
Positive control (undiluted, 1 µl/PCR)	28.0-31.0	$36.0 \pm 2$	Valid
Extraction negative control (optional)	Negative	$36.0 \pm 2$	Valid
Negative sample	Negative	$36.0 \pm 2$	Valid
Positive sample	Positive	Positive/Negative	Valid

#### For analysis of PCR data please proceed as follows:

For analysis of PCR results gained with BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii please select fluorescence display options FAM channel for the Coxiella burnetii target and VIC/HEX channel (order no. DVEB05811, DVEB05851) or Cy5 channel (order no. DVEB05813, DVEB05853) for the internal positive control target (IPC). Samples with a positive Cp or Ct-value are considered positive. Please also check amplification-curves manually.

### 8.1. Signal in FAM channel:

→ DNA of *Coxiella burnetii* was amplified. The sample has to be interpreted as positive. *Coxiella burnetii* DNA can lead to a reduced or absent fluorescence signal of the IPC.

#### 8.2. No signal in FAM channel but signal of the IPC:

→ No *Coxiella burnetii* DNA is detectable in the sample. The sample has to be interpreted as negative. The positive signal of the IPC assay excludes a putative PCR inhibition.

### 8.3. No signals in FAM channel and no signal with the IPC:

→ No interpretation statement can be made.

Information about possible sources of error and their solution can be found in 9. Troubleshooting.

### 9. Troubleshooting

#### 9.1. No Coxiella burnetii specific signal with positive control:

- Incorrect programming of the temperature profile of the real-time PCR instrument.
  - → Compare the temperature profile with the protocol (see 7. Preparation of real-time PCR).
- Incorrect configuration of the PCR reaction.
  - → Check your work steps (see 7. Preparation of real-time PCR) and repeat the PCR, if necessary.

#### 9.2. No signal with the IPC and no Coxiella burnetii specific signal with the sample:

- The PCR reaction was inhibited. No interpretation can be made.
  - $\rightarrow$  Make sure that you use a recommended method for DNA isolation and stick closely to the manufacturer's instructions.
  - $\rightarrow$  If no operating mistakes during extractions can be retraced, it is recommended to repeat the PCR with lower amounts of DNA-eluate (1/5 or 1/10 of sample volume + the adequate volume of H<sub>2</sub>O).
- Incorrect PCR conditions.
  - → Check the PCR conditions and repeat the PCR, if necessary.

#### 9.3. Coxiella burnetii specific signal with the negative control:

- A contamination occurred during preparation of the PCR.
  - → Repeat the PCR with new reagents in replicates.
  - → Strictly pipette the positive controls at last.
  - → Make sure that work space and instruments are decontaminated at regular intervals.

### 9.4. Coxiella burnetii specific signal with the negative control of extraction (optional):

- A contamination occurred during extraction.
  - → Repeat the extraction and PCR using new reagents.
  - → Make sure that work space and instruments are decontaminated at regular intervals.



### 10. Specifications and performance evaluation

BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii was evaluated with the ABI PRISM® 7500 (Fast) instrument (Thermo Fisher Scientific). For further validation data please contact ingenetix GmbH.

### 10.1. Analytical sensitivity and linearity

BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii was tested with a 10-fold dilution series of a plasmid containing a fragment of Coxiella burnetii DNA. At least 10 target copies/PCR reaction could be detected. Since the number of the IS1111 insertion sequence varies between 10–100 in the genome of *C. burnetii*, the sensitivity of the kit is equal to 0.1–1.0 Coxiella burnetii colony forming unit (CFU). Therefore, depending on the strain the determination of the CFU may differ by up to ten times.

The assay shows **linearity** over the range of 100 to 1,000,000 target copies/reaction with a slope of -3.33 and a  $R_2$  of > 0.97 as shown in Figure 1.

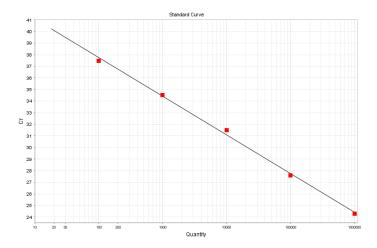


Figure 1 Ten-fold dilution series of a Coxiella burnetii DNA standard plotted against CT

#### 10.2. Analytical specificity

The specificity is ensured by the selection of highly specific primers and probes. The primers and probes were checked for possible homologies to currently published sequences by sequence comparison analyses. This also validated the detection of so far known *Coxiella burnetii* strains.

BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii was tested on Legionella pneumophila and Rickettsia helvetica isolates. No cross reactions were observed.



### 10.3. Kit performance

Performance of BactoReal<sup>®</sup> Kit *Coxiella burnetii* with an Applied Biosystems<sup>®</sup> 7500 Fast Real-time PCR System (Thermo Fisher Scientific) is shown in Figure 2.

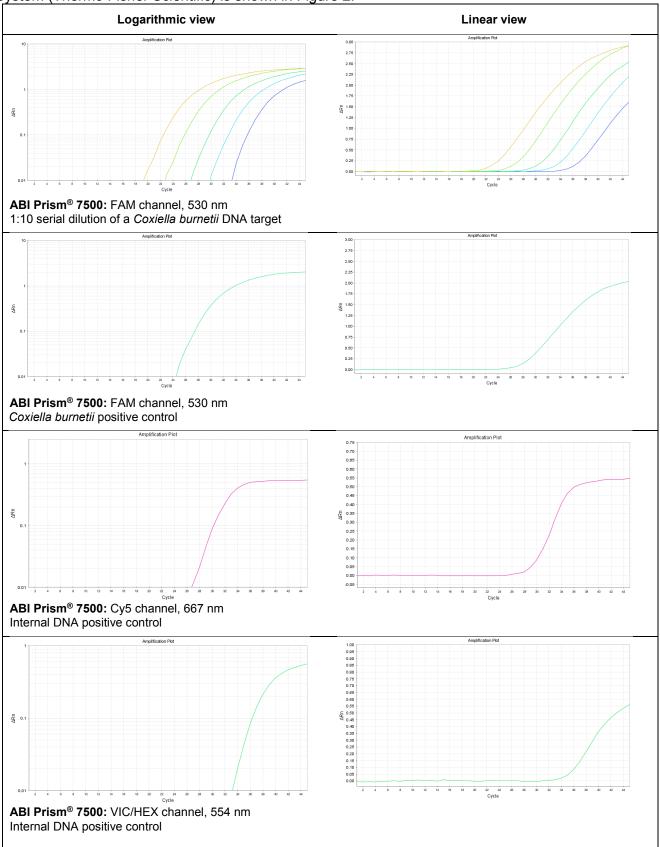


Figure 2 Performance of BactoReal® Kit Coxiella burnetii